

CHALLENGE

A GeoThermal company in Japan was experiencing reduced rates in their injection wells due to silicon dioxide scale. They were looking for an alternative to the traditional treatment of rig operated mechanical dredging, hoping for better results with a lower cost and better efficiency.

HIGHLIGHTS

Geothermal Vertically drilled Open Hole Completion

> LOCATION Japan

CONDITIONS Depth: 800 m (2,600 ft) Temperature: 120 °C (248 °F)





Open Hole

Injecting Well

OUTCOME

 The well was completed with zero safety incidents, zero nonconformances, and 100% operational efficiency

12x increase in water injection rate

- The operation was completed with a much-reduced carbon footprint as only a crane was required instead of a rig when compared to the traditional treatment method of mechanical dredging
- The operation was also much faster than dredging, taking 1.5 days instead of 7 days (on the average)
- The injection rate increased to as much as 12x the rate before treatment
- The final stable rate was only slightly less that the original rate after completion 6 years earlier

SOLUTION

Improve connectivity to the reservoir by clearing out blockages using electrohydraulic pulsing technology

- A crane was used instead of the usual oilfield rig, reducing the carbon footprint
- The BLUESPARK® 275 tool was run on third-party E-Line to the treatment interval
- 40 m (131 ft) of interval was treated in an operating time of 13 hours
- The well was put back on injection and monitored



